ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY: Geography

The minimum content is set out below.

The statutory requirements are set out in **bold** and additional guidance appears in plain text. All examples are in italics.

Developing pupils'	(Objective 1)	(Objective 2)	(Objective 3)
Knowledge, Understanding and Skills	Developing pupils as Individuals	Developing pupils as	Developing pupils as Contributors to the
		Contributors to Society	Economy and Environment
Young people should have opportunities,	Young people should have opportunities to:	Young people should have	Young people should have opportunities to:
through the contexts opposite, to:		opportunities to:	
	Develop a sense of place and belonging at a		Investigate how the skills developed through
 develop geographical skills to 	local level, for example, mapping journey to	Investigate differences in lifestyle	geography will be useful to a range of careers,
interpret spatial patterns including	school, local boundaries, friendship patterns;	within and between countries.	for example, jobs involving charting and
atlas and map-work skills;	investigating local place names etc.	Explore how we can play a role	mapping, data handling, educating, marketing,
	Demonstrate an awareness of their own	in helping to promote a fairer	planning, resource/environmental management,
 develop enquiry and fieldwork skills: 	relationships to other places, peoples and	world for all, for example, draw	report-writing, surveying, tourism,
	environments, from local to global, for	up a school recycling and/or Fair	transportation, weather forecasting etc.
questioning, planning, collecting,	example, through travel, retail, sport; e-mail	Trade policy; evaluate different	(Key Element: Employability)
recording, presenting, analysing,	links to other schools comparing weather data,	types of aid etc.	
interpreting information and drawing	lifestyle etc.	(Key Element: Citizenship)	Investigate the impact of globalisation and how it
conclusions relating to a range of	(Key Element: Personal Understanding)		has produced winners and losers, for example,
primary and secondary sources;		Develop an understanding of	impact on a N. Ireland business/industry, child
	Challenge stereotypes and perceptions of	how people in different places	labour, trans-national corporations etc.
• develop critical and creative thinking	different places, peoples and environments, for	interact with their environment,	(Key Element: Economic Awareness)
skills to solve geographical problems	example, by creating a photo gallery and/or	for example, contrast how people	
and make informed decisions;	fact-file etc.	from different parts of the world	Investigate how physical processes operate to
	Investigate the impact of diversity on a local	adapt to threats/opportunities	create distinct and diverse environments, for
• develop a sense of place through the	settlement, for example, segregation, conflict,	posed by their environments	example, Marble Arch caves, The Mournes, The
study of:	multiculturalism etc.	(physical, social, economic) etc.	Giant's Causeway, local peatlands, The Burren,
·	Investigate the physical and human factors that	(Key Element: Cultural	The Alps, Grand Canyon, tropical rainforests,
- a range of local, national, European	result in people having to make life-changing	Understand)	savannah grassland etc.
and global contexts;	decisions, for example, family planning,		
,	economic migration etc.	Investigate the causes and	Investigate the impact of conflict between
- contrasting physical and human	(Key Element: Mutual Understanding)	consequences of an environmental	social, economic and environmental needs
environments;		event making the news and	both locally and globally, for example, <i>erosion</i> ,
,	Investigate factors that impact on personal	evaluate how it is reported in the	flooding, pollution, loss of biodiversity, climate
- issues of topical significance;	health locally, for example, location, pollution,	media.	change, desertification, deforestation etc
1 6 /	lifestyle etc.	Create a video/news-bulletin to	

in order to develop an understanding of:

- physical processes of landscape development;
- the interrelationships between physical and human environments;
- the dynamic nature of physical and human environments;
- the ways in which places are interdependent;
- the need for social, economic and environmental change to be sustainable.

Explore the influences on global patterns of health, for example, *poverty*, *Aids*, *access to clean water*, *education etc*. (Key Element: **Personal Health**)

Challenge stereotypical, biased or distorted viewpoints with appropriately sensitive, informed and balanced responses.

Take responsibility for choices and actions.

(Key Element: Moral Character)

Respond to the diversity and beauty of the natural and human world.

Reflect on their experiences of a visit to a dramatic landscape, for example, create a presentation about a personally inspiring environment or feature etc.

(Key Element: Spiritual Awareness)

inform about, for example, an earthquake, volcano, extreme weather event, local pollution incident etc.

(Key Element: Media Awareness)

Research and debate ethical issues in geography, for example, world debt, nuclear power, population policies, use of non-renewable resources etc.

(Key Element: Ethical

Awareness)

Explore how we can exercise environmental stewardship and help promote a better quality of life for present and future generations, both locally and globally, for example, sustainable classrooms, eco-schools, Citizenship Action Projects, resource and waste management strategies, promotion of geo- and bio-diversity, sustainable towns/cities, conservation of natural resources, eco-tourism, Fair Trade etc.

(Key Element: Education for Sustainable

(Key Element: Education for Sustainable Development)

Learning Outcomes

The learning outcomes require the demonstration of skills and application of knowledge and understanding about Geography.

Young people should be able to:

- demonstrate skills in using maps (and GIS), fieldwork equipment and methods of data collection in undertaking geographical enquiry
- research and manage information effectively to investigate geographical issues, using Mathematics and ICT where appropriate;
- show deeper geographical understanding by thinking critically and flexibly, solving problems and making informed decisions, using Mathematics and ICT where appropriate;
- · demonstrate creativity and initiative when developing ideas and following them through;
- work effectively with others;
- demonstrate self-management by working systematically, persisting with tasks, evaluating and improving own performance;
- communicate effectively in oral, visual, written, mathematical and ICT formats, showing clear awareness of audience and purpose.

NB: Teachers may develop activities that combine many of the statutory requirements provided that, **across the Key Stage**, all of the statutory aspects highlighted in **BOLD** (including each of the **Key Elements**) are met.